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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/052,080	01/17/2002	Rangamani Sundar	110014.139	9833
22917 7	7590 08/01/2006	EXAMINER		
MOTOROLA, INC.			MEHRPOUR, NAGHMEH	
1303 EAST AT IL01/3RD	LGONQUIN ROAD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SCHAUMBURG, IL 60196			2617	
			DATE MAILED: 08/01/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/052,080	SUNDAR ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Naghmeh Mehrpour	2617				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - External after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DONGER, FROM THE MAILING DONGEN OF THE MAILING DONGEN OF THE PROPERTY OF THE MAILING DONGEN OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 J	anuary 2006.					
· <u> </u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)□	,—						
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.						
7)							
8)□	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner.				
,—							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)ı	a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
oce the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
A441							
Attachment	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	A\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	(DTO 442)				
1) 🔀 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) 🔲 Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) 🔲 Inforr	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P	atent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6)							

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

1. Claim 1, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson (European patent application EP 0758187 A1).

Regarding **claim 1**, Johnson teaches a method of internetworking a mobile station to operate in a wireless wide area network WWAN (col 1 lines 50-59), comprising:

provisioning a switch to communicate with the LAN via IP communication (col 4 lines 56-59, col 5 lines 1-23):

the switch receiving mobile station communications via the LAN (col 5 lines 23-40);

the switch converting said mobile station communications to a format compatible with the PBX interface and forwarding the converted communications to the PBX (col 9 lines 5-46, col 10 lines 50-59, col 11 lines 1-20, col 13 lines 7-59, col 14 lines 1-18, col 18 lines 46-59, col 19 lines 1-59)

the PBX receiving and handling the converted communications (col 20 lines 1-31). Johnson does not teach method of internetworking between WLAN and WWAN.

However, the examiner takes official notice that such a system is well known in the art.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the above teaching with Johnson, in order to provide a mobility to the above system.

2. Claims 2-8, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson (European patent application EP 0758187 A1) in view of Yukie (US Publication 2003/0036392)

Regarding **claim 2,** Johnson teaches a method wherein the switch further provisioned to communicate with a WWAN and wherein the switch analyzes the mobile station communications and determines that the communications address an entity external to a domain of the PBX and in response thereto;

Johnson fails to teach a method wherein the switch analyzes the mobile station communications and determines that the communications address an entity external to a domain of the PBX and in response thereto;

the switch requesting a TLDN from a MSC serving the WWAN;

in response to receiving a TLDN from the MSC, the switch sending a message to the PBX to connect the mobile station call to the specified TLDN;

the PBX connecting the mobile station call to the specified TLDN 1150. However Yukie teaches a method wherein the switch (325) analyzes the mobile station communications and determines that the communications address an entity external to

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a domain of the PBX and in response thereto the switch (325) requesting a TLDN from a MSC serving the WWAN (figure 10, 1020, page 6 sections 0055-0059);

in response to receiving a TLDN from the MSC, the switch (325) sending a message to the PBX (exchange switch) to connect the mobile station call to the specified TLDN (page 6 sections 0055-0060);

the PBX (exchange switch) connecting the mobile station call to the specified TLDN 1150 (page 6 sections 0055- 0059). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the above teaching of Yukie with Johnson, in order to prevent call drop and to provide better quality, the mobile that can actively scan for a network by sending out commands and the system automatically transfer the logic connection, while maintaining voice or data communication.

Regarding claim 3, Johnson teaches a method further including: the mobile station roaming during the call (0100); the mobile station switching to a WWAN air interface protocol (0100, 0106); the mobile station reconnecting to the call by specifying the TLDN of the call (0100). Johnson further inherently teaches the mobile switching back to a WWAN automatically (reconnecting) (page 7 section 0067). Johnson fails to teach a mobile station connecting to the call by specifying the TLDN of the call. However, Yukie teaches a method including: a mobile station connecting to the call by specifying the

TLDN of the call (page 6 section 0055). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one

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of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the above teaching of Yukie with Johnson, in order to prevent call drops and to provide better quality system that can operates in conjunction of a private system.

Regarding **claim 4**, Johnson teaches a method wherein the mobile station automatically reconnects to the call without user intervention (col 19 lines 6-59).

Regarding **claim 5**, Johnson teaches a method wherein the PBX tears down call connection to the MSC when the mobile station is detected as having lost communication with the switch (col 19 lines 6-59)

Regarding **claim 6**, Johnson teaches a method wherein the PBX maintains call connections to the MSC when the mobile station is detected as having lost communication with the switch (col 12 lines 37-59, col 13 lines 1-45, col 14 lines 26-59, col 17 lines 20-59, col 18 lines 45).

Regarding **claim 7**, Johnson teaches a method further including: the mobile station roaming during the all (col 18 lines 46-49); the mobile station determining that it should communicate according to a WWAN air interface protocol while the mobile station is participating in a call under a LAN air interface protocol and in response thereto (col 16 lines 55-59, col 17 lines 1-59, col 18 lines 1-46);

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sending a message to a source MSC servicing the LAN that a handoff (roaming) is desired (0078);

the source MSC, analyzing the message, establishing an anchor MSC (LAN), and establishing communication channels with a target MSC servicing a geographic WWAN area in which the mobile station resides (col 18 lines 46-59);

the mobile station beginning communication with the WWAN and the target MSC relaying those communication to the anchor MSC (col 19 lines 1-59). Johnson does not teach method of internetworking between WLAN and WWAN. However, the examiner takes official notice that such a system is well known in the art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the above teaching with Johnson, in order to provide a mobility to the above system.

Regarding **claim 8,** Johnson teaches a method wherein the mobile station informs the MSC serving the LAN of the cell ids of the WWAN geographic area, and wherein the source MSC uses the cell ids information to establish communication channels with the target MSC (col 18 lines 46-59, col 19 lines 1-59).

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-8, have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

4. Any responses to this action should be mailed to:

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Naghmeh Mehrpour whose telephone number is 571-272-7913. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nick Corsaro be reached (571) 272-7876.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MM

July 26, 2006

PATENT EXAMINER